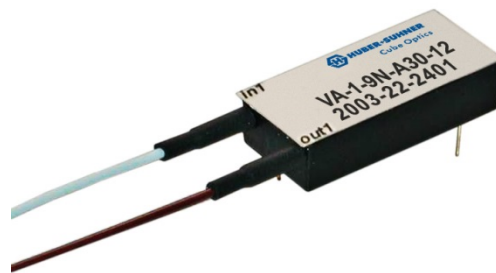


## variable optical attenuator (single or dual channel)

### Description

- Miniature Opto-Mechanical Variable Optical Attenuator (VOA) for fiber optic communication systems and sub-modules
- Allows continuous adjustment of the attenuation within a range of 0-30dB
- Highly reliable attenuation mechanism based on MEMS technology featuring below 20 ms response time and below 1.0 dB insertion loss
- Optimized for low cost production while maintaining high reliability
- Available in single or dual channel variants
- Fast, robust and vibration insensitive attenuator
- The component is designed to meet Telcordia 1221 quality standards



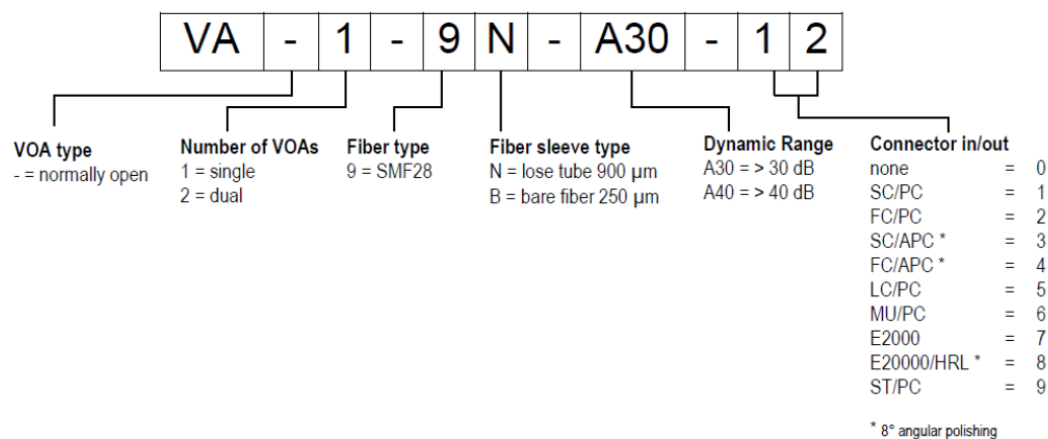
### Features

- Miniature size
- Low PDL
- High speed
- Adjustable precise attenuation within a low operating voltage
- Single or dual channel

### Applications

- Power management in DWDM networks
- Amplifier gain control
- Optical subsystems
- Array integration

### Ordering Information



## variable optical attenuator (single or dual channel)

### Technical Specifications

	Unit	Min	Typ	Max
<b>Optical Specifications</b>				
Wavelength Range	nm	1240		1640
Insertion Loss <sup>1</sup>	dB		0.35	1.0 <sup>2</sup>
Maximum Attenuation	dB	30		
Maximum input power	mW			130
Back reflection	dB		55	50
Polarisation Dependent Loss at 10 dB	dB		0.08	0.15
Polarisation Dependent Loss at 20 dB	dB		0.13	0.25 <sup>3</sup>
Wavelength dependent loss at 10 dB <sup>4</sup>	dB		0.2	0.5
Wavelength dependent loss at 20 dB <sup>4</sup>	dB		0.5	1.2
Temperature dependent loss at 1 dB	dB			0.4
Temperature dependent loss at 10 dB	dB			2
Temperature dependent loss at 20 dB	dB			4
Repeatability	dB			0.3 <sup>5</sup>
Response Time	ms			20
Durability	cycles		no wear out	
<b>Electronic Specifications</b>				
Voltage	V	4	5	5.25
Power Consumption	mW		5	30
Operation Temperature	°C	0		70
Storage Temperature	°C	-40		70

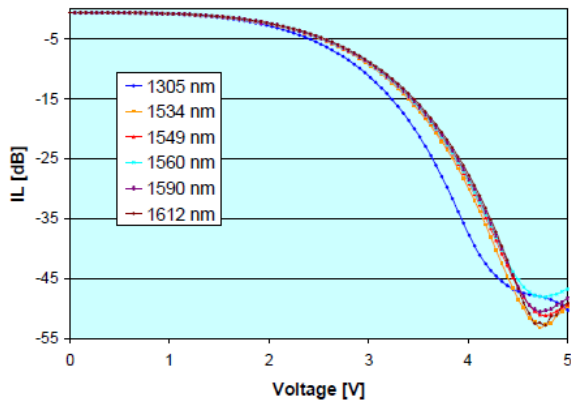


Figure 1: Voltage attenuation curve

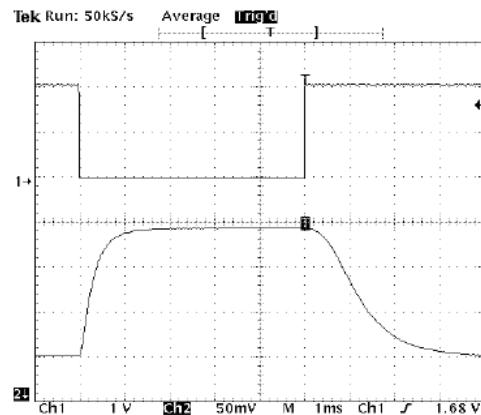


Figure 2: response time to a 1 to 3 V step

<sup>1</sup> in an idle state. Minimum insertion loss at 0 V input voltage. When power is removed the insertion loss is roughly 0.5 dB higher than the minimum insertion loss (at 0 V when power is on).

<sup>2</sup> without connectors

<sup>3</sup> for dual variant 0,35 dB max @ 20 dB

<sup>4</sup> between 1530 -1570nm

<sup>5</sup> for constant polarisation and temperature

variable optical attenuator (single or dual channel)

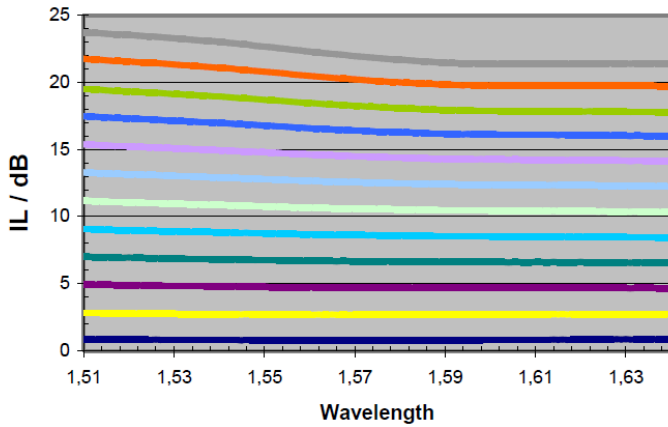


Figure 3: Wavelength Flatness of attenuation

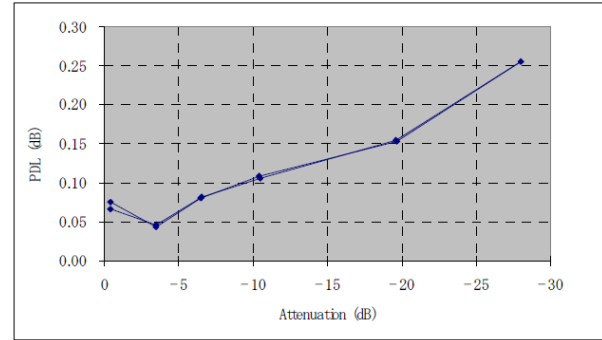


Figure 4: PDL as a function of attenuation

**Contact Pins:**

- Length: 4 +/- 1mm
- Diameter: 0.45–0.5 mm
- Centering: 0.2 mm
- 1: Supply +5 V
- 2: Ground
- 3: Signal in 0-5 V

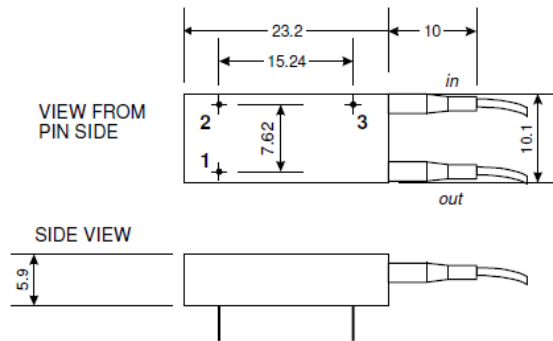


Figure 5: VA-1: Mechanical outline

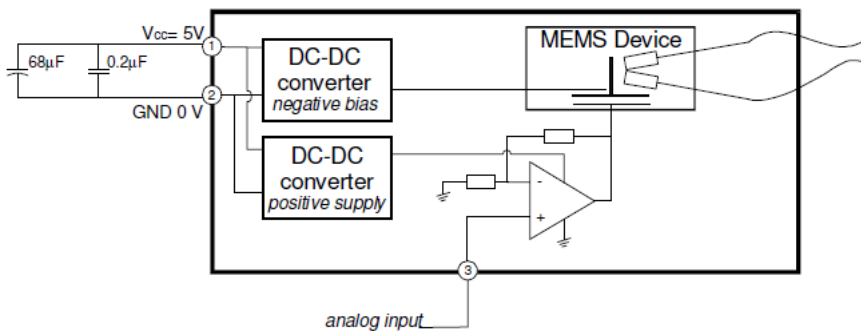


Figure 6: Schematic Electrical Diagram

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