The Power of Music

The Cross-Cultural Appeal & Unifying Power of Music

Andriy Zholob of the Ukrainian punk band Beton who also acts as a military sturgeon in aiding the war effort. Photo Credit: Andriy Zholob

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The Power of Music – Cultural Diplomacy

Secretary’s Blinken Musical Diplomacy
How Artists Have Contributed To Promoting Peace

While reading articles about international events and the various conflicts around the world can be enlightening and is an important part for anyone that wishes to be a global citizen, it is often rather disheartening and depressing. People are constantly bombarded with depressing headlines about the latest natural disaster, increasing tensions that bring nations closer to war, and the latest death toll in conflicts that seemingly have no foreseeable end in sight. However, there are many things that bring people together and bring them joy. One of these things is music and it has the power to reach people from all walks of life and make them briefly forget about the troubles of the world. And the new program crafted by the Secretary of State Anthony Blinken hopes to bring forth a world in which different cultures can be united through music.

A recent viral video of Secretary Anthony J. Blinken performing “Hoochie Coochie Man” by Muddy Waters has revealed his passion for music, with the video garnering over 8 million hits on X. The reaction from social media users was generally positive and enthusiastic, with many being surprised and rather taken aback by the ability of a respectable government official to rock out. However, this should not come as a surprise since music “is Mr. Blinken’s greatest
nonpolitical passion.” Blinken first fell in love with music upon hearing the Beatles song “It’s A Hard Day’s Night” and has been a devoted music lover ever since, with favorite artist being Eric Clapton, witnessing him play in concert about 75 times. Blues music seems to be Blinken’s favorite genre, having once made his way to the front of the crowd at B.B. King concert and sang along to songs he had memorized the lyrics of. For this, at only 16, Blinken was given King’s guitar pick. Blinken was also a part of a band known as Cash Bar Wedding, which consisted of a former speechwriter for Vice President Gore and a spokesman for Joe Biden when he was vice president. The band has hung out with members of prominent rock bands such as Husker Du and Big Star. After playing in a variety of bands, Blinken would soon start his brief solo career. Between 2018 and 2020, during the Trump presidency and a time in which Blinken was unsure whether he would continue to have a career in government, Blinken uploaded three blues-rock style singles on Spotify that have been collectively streamed 15,000 times.

Now, famous as a Secretary of State, Blinken’s discography has now been played at foreign events prior to his arrival, such as on a radio station in Finland in honor of his arrival to give a speech in support of Ukraine. With his love of music no longer being a secret, many foreign diplomats and leaders have given Blinken musical gifts during diplomatic meetings. One notable example comes from Eli Cohen, the foreign minister of Israel, who gave “a blue acoustic guitar with an engraving of U.S. and Israeli flags.” Blinken has also been open about how music brought him and Yoshimasa Hayashi, the former foreign minister of Japan, closer together and gave them a special relationship as both would shamelessly geek out about the Beatles. In fact, following a meeting in Japan between members of the Group of 7, Blinken and Hayashi held their own little jam session by playing their guitars while the other ministers sang along with the aid of a karaoke machine. As such, it is not surprising that Blinken conceived of a program that continues an American tradition dating back to the Cold War, where, due to competing with the Soviet Union for dominance on the world stage, the State Department sponsored the foreign tours of artists such as Louis Armstrong and Ella Fitzgerald. However, Blinken’s program has some modern updates as well as some new programs.

Secretary Anthony Blinken’s program, known as the Global Music Diplomacy Initiative, kicked off with an event that featured several prominent musicians such as Dave Grohl, Herbie Hancock, Rakim, and Denyce Graves. The event had support from the Bureau of Education and Cultural Affairs, as well as endorsements from YouTube, Chevron, Boeing, the Wasserman Foundation, and United Airlines. During his speech at the event, Blinken describes how music can be used as a way for people to reveal personal information about themselves and to learn more about each other; believing that “music as its core is about a bond rooted in our shared humanity.”

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2 Crowley, “When Mr. Secretary Loves to Rock,”
3 Crowley, “When Mr. Secretary Loves to Rock,”
In other words, music can act as a bridge between different cultures, different nationalities, different ethnicities, and different languages. Because of this, Blinken’s program includes bringing foreign musicians to the United States. In addition, the Global Music Diplomacy Initiative plans to boost the economies, increase access to education, and create stronger societies. This is to be achieved in three parts. The first part is a partnership between the Recording Academy and the State Department in mentoring music professionals by pairing them with an expert from the United States. In tandem with this is the Peace Through Music Award, which celebrates “Americans who are using music to support cultural exchange and grow mutual understanding between people across the planet.” The second part of the program involves the State Department adding American music and lyrics into the curriculum of English classes. The final part of the program is the creation of a new Fulbright Award for artists of the Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts, which will host teams of American and foreign scientists and artists dedicated to figuring out how to use their artistic and scientific talents to better benefit the world.

Regarding the Peace Through Music Award, no musician in America is arguably more deserving of it than Taylor Swift. Over half of the adult population of the United States has been swept up in Taylor Swift fever. During the week of August 12, 2023, Swift finished the U.S. portion of her tour that spread across five continents in nearly 150 shows. In nearly a week, while playing at the SoFi Stadium in Los Angeles, Taylor Swift made $160 million, with some estimating that the tour made $1.4 billion in a frighteningly short amount of time. In fact, Swift wields so much power and influence that her concerts literally increased the economy, with her concerts at SoFi Stadium increased the GDP of Los Angeles County by $320 million. At concerts such as these, fans experience what some psychologists would describe as an out of body experience. So devoted to Swift are her fans that they can shake the very foundations of the earth, with a concert in Seattle registering as 2.3 on the Richter scale. In addition to being noted for its intense, almost cult-like devotion, Swift’s fanbase is notable for its diversity. Some are prominent celebrities such as Channing Tatum and Mark Zuckerberg, but roughly half of her fanbase comes from a home that makes less than $50,000. There are a variety of explanations for Taylor Swift’s immense fame. One of the reasons is Swift herself as in addition to being a remarkable songwriter, she is also a remarkably kind person. One example of this was Swift’s willingness to pay $55 million to ensure that her tour staff all received $100,000 bonuses. But another reason for Swift’s fame is the sense of community fostered between Swift and her fans and between the fans themselves. In addition to clapping along to songs and having their own inside jokes, Swifties also trade homemade bracelets with one another. Furthermore, Swift’s diverse and eclectic range of songs also ensure that there is something for everyone, which combined with her authenticity, can serve as an explanation as to why so many different people feel such intense emotions at her concerts. “This is the essence of Swift’s stardom: she flawlessly straddles the line between the accessible and the

5 Blinken, “Secretary Antony J. Blinken at the Launch of the Global Music Diplomacy Initiative - United States Department of State,”
6 Blinken, “Secretary Antony J. Blinken at the Launch of the Global Music Diplomacy Initiative - United States Department of State,”
It is not just Americans that are caught up in Swift fever, world leaders are feeling it as well, as “Justin Trudeau took to Twitter to plead for Canadian dates.” Taylor Swift has been making a positive impact wherever she goes, both financially and culturally. With this kind of power, she could do wonders for the international community with the sense of unity she generates amongst her fans. Perhaps the State Department would do well to sponsor her. Regardless, Swift is very much the embodiment of supporting mutual understanding between different cultures and peoples, and for that she should be awarded the Peace Through Music Award.

Oleksii Makarenko, the host of Gasoline Radio. Photo Credit: Phil Mulhall.

There are many Ukrainian artists that would benefit from the Global Diplomacy Initiative, particularly in regards to getting paired up with a musical expert from the United States. After a year of war, despite the semblance of normalcy being brought back to the city of Kyiv, many people still live in fear and feel anxiety of what might come next. Music is used not just as a coping mechanism, but as a means of defying the sense of fear that Putin wishes to instill in the Ukrainian population. “They are using music to steel their souls, assert their identity and inspire opposition to the invasion.” One example of this can be seen at Lysenko Column Hall, the home of the National Philharmonic of Ukraine, which has been transformed into a barracks since the war began. After Kyiv was secured from Russian attacks, concerts eventually began to return, although only 160 people are currently allowed to attend as that is the maximum capacity of the bomb shelter. Even more impressive the consistency in which the orchestra is able to perform. The reasoning for this is the desire amongst its members to briefly forget about the trauma of war and to heal the wounds that it has left. The National Philharmonic of Ukraine is not the only place

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8 Gardner, “Taylor Swift Unites America,”
10 Mulhall, “‘For Now, Music Is a Weapon’: The Ukrainian Musicians Playing on as an Act of Resistance,”
where classical musicians defy fear. In Kharkiv, the cellist Denys Karachevstev has posted videos on YouTube of performing in the damaged city in order to raise money and awareness for the war.\(^{11}\) Another prominent example of musical resistance can be found at the Gasoline Radio, run by Oleksii Makarenko, whose goal is to use a wide range of musical genres to craft a modern image of Ukrainian heritage and culture. This is especially critical for the eastern portion of Ukraine as places like Donbas and Kharkiv, have always been under the dominant influence of Russian culture. The radio station is even willing to go to specific regions “to gather information from locals about traditional folk music that can then be used to assert Ukrainian cultural independence.”\(^{12}\) The members of Gasoline Radio are not the only ones working to remind both Ukrainians and Russians of the importance of Ukraine’s unique culture. From the safety of her apartment’s basement, Vira Lytovchenko plays her violin for both herself and the other people sheltering with her and uploads these videos to the Internet to show that the Ukrainians are a people with their own identity and culture. The Ukrainian folk band DakhaBrakha defies the Russian propaganda tactic of claiming Ukrainian culture as its own by bringing together “several musical practices from different regions and ethnic groups within Ukraine, highlighting the vibrant and diverse culture of Ukraine.”\(^{13}\) Some bands use the old-school aggression and rebellious attitude of punk rock to show their support for Ukraine. One example of this is Andriy Zholob, a military surgeon and the member of the punk band Beton. Zholob has described how his music has had a direct impact on soldiers, as many have written him letters telling him that they listen to his songs on their march to the front.\(^{14}\) Beton is not the only punk band that is having a significant impact on Ukrainian soldiers. Eugene Hutz, the Ukrainian frontman of the punk band Gogol Bordello has been going on tours in the wake of the invasion to raise funds and support for Ukraine. In fact, Bordello played for soldiers at a military base in Ukraine, with the military band asking if it could play Bordello’s songs to keep up the spirits of soldiers.\(^{15}\) Other bands make use of more modern musical methods as seen in the works of DJ Taras Clasps. During the early days of the war, Clasps, along with roughly 100 other people, took refuge in K41, a famous Kyiv nightclub; its thick walls made it a perfect place to be protected from missiles. To cope with the anger and sleep-deprivation, Clasps began to produce music on his computer. “The result was the Prodigy-like Peace dove, a satirical assault on the musicians calling for appeasement rather than victory.”\(^{16}\) His songs have now become the soundtrack to parties at electronic clubs where funds are raised to buy cars for army brigades.\(^{17}\)

Ukrainian artists are not the only ones that should be acknowledged for their musical contributions to the Ukraine war. Many Russian artists have spoken out against the war, often at


\(^{12}\) Mulhall, “‘For Now, Music Is a Weapon’: The Ukrainian Musicians Playing on as an Act of Resistance,”

\(^{13}\) Sousanis, “From Billie Holiday to Dakhabrakha: The Uniting Power of the Protest Song,”

\(^{14}\) Mulhall, “‘For Now, Music Is a Weapon’: The Ukrainian Musicians Playing on as an Act of Resistance,”

\(^{15}\) Sousanis, “From Billie Holiday to Dakhabrakha: The Uniting Power of the Protest Song,”

\(^{16}\) Mulhall, “‘For Now, Music Is a Weapon’: The Ukrainian Musicians Playing on as an Act of Resistance,”

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great risk to their own careers and personal safety. However, these artists are rare as in contrast to people in Ukraine, the musical opposition to the war in Russia has been sparse. According to music critic Artemy Troitsky, the reason for this is because Ukrainians can find inspiration more easily due to not being the aggressors. Russians find the notion of being responsible for the destruction and suffering of others to be rather depressing. Russian songs that do speak out against the war in Ukraine do so indirectly, speaking in abstract terms of desiring peace. “Artists don’t show listeners a way out of a situation they lament, but experience it with them, leaving listeners to draw their own conclusions.” However, despite this, Russian musicians are still harassed by the authorities. This is because, while their music has not explicitly and unequivocally condemned the war in Ukraine, the artists themselves have. As a result, the artists were blacklisted and banned from playing. Thus, they were soon left with two choices: Stay quiet or leave the country. “The result is that a whole layer of national musical culture-artists, promoters, journalists and, most importantly, the audience-have fled the country.”

Most of the Russian artists that have spoken against the war do not attempt to provide a solution to the war in their songs, but rather attempt to explain the cause of the war and how Russian society should react. One example of this can be found in the rock band Aquarium, whose frontman, Boris Grebenshchikov is inspired by the music of the Woodstock generation. In fact, Grebenshchikov has been committed to pacifism since the Russian invasion of Afghanistan in the 1980s. In the months after the Russian invasion of Ukraine, Grebenshchikov had canceled concerts in Russia in favor of a performance at the Brandenburg Gate in Berlin, Germany in honor of Ukraine. Russia retaliated by canceling his radio show, Aerostat. In September of 2022, on their new album *House of Saint*, Aquarium released the song “Divination”, which was written after the outbreak of war and is a folk-rock song which decries the war as being evil, the loss of a future, and the justifications used for the war. Yet another popular band that made a name for itself by asserting its pacifist stance during the time of the Soviet-Afghan war is DDT, one of the most popular bands in Russia. The band’s frontman, Yuri Shevchuck, does not consider himself to belong to any political faction, instead placing values on humanism and universalism. Despite this, Shevchuck is revered by both liberals and conservatives, making him capable of eliciting “the kind of national unity the Kremlin propagandists love to talk about so much.” He has been opposed to all wars, and the war in Ukraine is no exception. So devoted to his homeland is Shevchuck, that he still refuses to leave Russia despite the dangers that come with openly speaking out against Putin. While still producing new music, the band is banned from performing. Recently, they have released the album *Wolves in the Shooting Range*, which contains the song “Funeral of War,” which is rather unusual given how it uses directly positive lyrics that use symbolism to depict Shevchuck’s decision to lay the war to rest. In addition to rock bands, there are also Russian rappers that have spoken out against the war. One group is Kasta, which released an album towards

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19 Shenkman, “Five of the Best Russian Anti-War Songs,”
20 Shenkman, “Five of the Best Russian Anti-War Songs,”
the end of 2022 that provides insight into the emotional state of Russians following the outbreak of the war. For this, the album was banned in Russia. The song “Timelessness” proceeds to ask questions such as the debate over what Russia and its people are in the wake of the war.\textsuperscript{21} All of these Russian groups, especially those that have been forced to flee the country for their own safety, would greatly benefit from an American mentorship program as they might be able to find a large audience in America, thereby ensuring the survival of their careers as well as further spreading their message against Russian aggression.

“Throughout history, music has been essential during times of struggle, transcending entertainment in order to become a force of change and progress.”\textsuperscript{22} Secretary Anthony Blinken’s Global Diplomacy Initiative has the potential to do great things by acknowledging American artists that have made great strides towards bringing people closer together through the sense of community one feels while listening to them, and by giving mentorship and support to musicians from Ukraine and Russia that are making their voices heard in their refusal to bend to the will of Russian tyranny and aggression. Music can give hope to people around the world that are desperately in need of it and makes it possible to dream of a better future for us all.

\textsuperscript{21} Shenkman, “Five of the Best Russian Anti-War Songs,”
\textsuperscript{22} Sousanis, “From Billie Holiday to Dakhabrakha: The Uniting Power of the Protest Song.”